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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONTINUE		
09/889,110	07/11/2001	THE THANKED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
***************************************	07/11/2001	Arnaud Farizon	RCA 89215	7964
759	90 03/11/2003			
Joseph S Tripoli Thomson Multimedia Licensing Inc PO Box 5312 Princeton, NJ 08540				
			EXAMINER MACCHIAROLO, PETER J	
		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2875	
			DATE MAILED: 03/11/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application N	Applies
7	Office A. et	09/889,110	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary		Examiner	FARIZON ET AL.
			Art Unit
Period 1	The MAILING DATE of this communication app for Reply	Dears on the cover sheet with the	2875
ane - If the	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with the period with the period of	IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days	S) FROM
Status	reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	date of this communication, even if timely filed,) (35 U.S.C. § 133). may reduce any
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Fe		
2a)⊠			
3) <u> </u>	Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under Exon of Claims	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pro x <i>parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 45	esecution as to the merits is 3 O.G. 213.
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-3 is/are pending in the application		
4	la) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn	from consideration	
٠,٠ ٠	oldim(s) is/are allowed.	morn consideration.	
6)⊠ (Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected.		
7) 🗌 (Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•	
8)∏ (Application	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or of	ection requirement.	
9)[] Th	ne specification is objected to by the Examiner.		•
10)∐ Th	e drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted	or h) Cobineted to the com-	
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	S PERMIT MICE OF IS.	all langroyed by later	37 CFR 1.85(a).
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12/ 1116	e dath or declaration is objected to by the Examir	ner.	
riority und	ler 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		•
13)⊠ Ac	knowledgment is made of a claim for foreign prio	prity under 35 H.S.C. & 140/->	
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1.[2	Certified copies of the priority documents hav	re been received	
۷.۲	Defined copies of the priority documents have	e heen received in A. II	
* See t	application from the International Bureau (he attached detailed Office action for a list of the	ocuments have been received in (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	this National Stage
4) Ackno	owledgment is made of a claim for domestic prior The translation of the foreign language provision	rity under 25 th 6 a	
a) 🔲	The translation of the foreign language provision pulledgment is made of a claim for domestic price	al application is	a provisional application).
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Notice of Re	eferences Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summer	440.
nl and Trademark	raftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-45) Notice of Informal Patent A 6) Other:	413) Paper No(s) Application (PTO-152)
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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. The reply filed on February 21, 2003 consists of changes to the claims, and further, the reply consists of remarks related to the prior rejection of claims in the First Office Action. However, claims 1-3 are not allowable as explained below.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 2. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van Eck (USPN 5,861,708; henceforth "Van Eck") in view of Matsuda et al. (USPN 5,574,330; henceforth "Matsuda").

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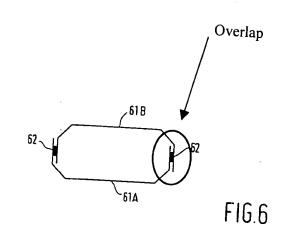
In regards to claim 1, Van Eck discloses in figures 2 and 6, an electron gun comprising at least one cathode (22) for emitting an electron beam; a dish-shaped control electrode (21) with a planar part (27) and at least one aperture (not labeled) for the passage of the electron beam. Van Eck further discloses in figure 4b, at least two metal components forming a lateral skirt (33a, 33b) which at least partially surrounds the cathode, and the ends of the two components overlap at least partially in such a way to tailor the length of the overlap to adjust position of the two components one with respect to the other (below), and the two components being shaped to one another at the points of overlap.

Van Eck is silent to a means for supporting the cathode so as to keep the cathode at a specified distance from the control electrode.

However, Matsuda teaches in column 5, lines 50-53, and figure 1d, that a projection (1e) is formed at the control electrode's corner portion in such a manner as to project away from the other electrode element. Matsuda further teaches in column 5 lines 54-67, and column 1 lines 5-9, that many variations are acceptable for supporting the cathode at a specified distance from the electrode, and this configuration reduces deformation on an electrode during assembly.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the electron gun of Van Eck, including a means for supporting the cathode so as to keep the cathode at a specified distance from the electrode, since Matsuda teaches this configuration reduces deformation on an electrode during assembly.

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In regards to claims 2 and 3, Van Eck in view of Matsuda teach all of the recited limitations of claim 1 (above).

Van Eck teaches in figure 1 a cathode ray tube comprising the electron gun.

Van Eck is silent to the cathode support being secured to a lateral skirt.

However, Matsuda teaches in column 1 lines 5-9 and figure 1b, that the cathode support is secured a lateral skirt, and this configuration reduces deformation on an electrode during assembly.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the electron gun of Van Eck, including the cathode support of Matsuda, since Matsuda teaches this configuration reduces deformation on an electrode during assembly.

Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments filed February 21, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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First, the Applicant suggests that Van Eck does not disclose a control electrode with "overlap between the two folded portions" of the skirt. However, the Examiner respectfully refers the Applicant to figure 6 and column 3 lines 37-55 of Van Eck. In figure 6, two metal components forming a lateral skirt (33a, 33b) which at least partially surrounds the cathode, and the ends of the two components overlap at least partially in such a way to tailor the length of the overlap to adjust position of the two components one with respect to the other, and the two components being shaped to one another at the points of overlap.

Second, the Applicant suggests that "Matsuda discloses that each electrode includes only one metal component." The Examiner appreciates the suggestion, however, respectively refers the Applicant to page 5 of the First Office Action at 8 and page 3 of this Office Action at 2:

"Van Eck discloses in figures 2 and 6, an electron gun comprising...a dish-shaped control electrode (21) with a planar part...and at least two metal components forming a lateral skirt (33a, 33b)"

Further, the Examiner respectively refers the applicant to figures 1a and 7a of Matsuda. Reference numerals 4-1 and 4-2 denote electrode elements, and a bottom portion (1-2b) can be seen in figure 1a.

Therefore, it is respectfully submitted that instant Claim 1 is not patentable over Van Eck in view of Matsuda because Van Eck teaches at lest two metal components forming the lateral skirt overlap in such a way to tailor the length of the overlap to adjust the position of the two components one with respect to the other.

Conclusion

3. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Peter J Macchiarolo whose telephone number is (703) 305-7198. The examiner can normally be reached on 7.30 - 4:30, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sandra O'Shea can be reached on (703) 305-4939. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9318 for regular communications and (703) 872-9319 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

pjm February 28, 2003

Sandra O'Shea
Supervisory Patent Examiner
Technology Center 2800